

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

in laonanou lon			
Product identifier	Pennsylvania Volatile Petrole	eum Hydrocart	oon Standards Mixtur
Other means of identification			
Item	M-USTVPPA1M99		
Recommended use	For Laboratory Use Only		
Recommended restrictions	None known.		
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information		
Manufacturer			
Company name	Chem Service, Inc.		
Address	660 Tower Lane		
	West Chester, PA 19380		
	United States		
Telephone	Toll Free	800-452-9994	1
	Direct	610-692-3026	6
Website	www.chemservice.com		
E-mail	info@chemservice.com		
Emergency phone number	Chemtrec US	800-424-9300)
	Chemtrec outside US	+1 703-527-3	887
2. Hazard(s) identification			
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids		Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral		Category 3
	Acute toxicity, dermal		Category 3
	Acute toxicity, inhalation		Category 3
	Serious eye damage/eye irritat	ion	Category 2A
	Germ cell mutagenicity		Category 1
	Carcinogenicity		Category 1A
	Reproductive toxicity (the unbo	orn child)	Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

exposure

long-term hazard Not classified.

hazard

Danger

Environmental hazards

OSHA defined hazards

Label elements

Signal word Hazard statement

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Category 1

Category 1

Category 3

Category 3

Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. Specific treatment (see this label). Rinse mouth. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	0.1% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 0.2% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 99.2% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 99.2% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Methanol		67-56-1	99
Methyl t-Butyl Ether		1634-04-4	0.2
Benzene		71-43-2	0.1
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0.1
Isopropylbenzene		98-82-8	0.1
m-Xylene		108-38-3	0.1
Naphthalene		91-20-3	0.1
o-Xylene		95-47-6	0.1
p-Xylene		106-42-3	0.1
Toluene		108-88-3	0.1

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
6. Accidental release meas	sures
Personal precautions	Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keen unnecessary personnel away. Keen people

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Avoid contact with clothing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains.
	For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Avoid spark promoters. Eliminate sources of ignition. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Refrigeration recommended. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) Components Туре Value Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) STEL 5 ppm TWA 1 ppm US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) Components Value Туре PEL Ethylbenzene (CAS 435 mg/m3 100-41-4) 100 ppm PEL Isopropylbenzene (CAS 245 mg/m3 98-82-8) 50 ppm PEL Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) 260 mg/m3 200 ppm m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3) PEL 435 mg/m3 100 ppm Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) PEL 50 mg/m3 10 ppm o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6) PEL 435 mg/m3 100 ppm p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3) PEL 435 mg/m3 100 ppm US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000) Components Value Туре Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Ceiling 25 ppm TWA 10 ppm Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Ceiling 300 ppm TWA 200 ppm **US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values** Components Value Туре Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) STEL 2.5 ppm TWA 0.5 ppm

Material name: Pennsylvania Volatile Petroleum Hydrocarbon Standards Mixtur

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	
Components	

Components	Туре		Val	ue
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA		20	ppm
Isopropylbenzene (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA		50	ppm
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL		250) ppm
	TWA		200) ppm
Methyl t-Butyl Ether (CAS 1634-04-4)	TWA		50	ppm
m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3)	STEL		150) ppm
	TWA) ppm
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3	s) STEL			ppm
	TWA		10	ppm
o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6)	STEL		150) ppm
	TWA		100) ppm
p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3)	STEL) ppm
· · · · ·	TWA		100) ppm
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA			opm
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide	to Chemical Hazards			
Components	Туре		Val	ue
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	STEL		1 pj	pm
	TWA			ppm
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL			5 mg/m3
				5 ppm
	TWA			5 mg/m3
) ppm
Isopropylbenzene (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA		245	5 mg/m3
				ppm
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL			mg/m3
) ppm
	TWA) mg/m3
	0751) ppm
m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3)	STEL			5 mg/m3
) ppm
	TWA			5 mg/m3
) ppm
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3	5) STEL			mg/m3
				ppm
	TWA			mg/m3
-)/	075			ppm
o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6)	STEL			5 mg/m3
) ppm
	TWA			5 mg/m3
) ppm
p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3)	STEL			5 mg/m3
) ppm
	TWA			5 mg/m3
Taluana (040 400 00 0)) ppm
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL) mg/m3
) ppm
	TWA			5 mg/m3
ogical limit values			100) ppm
ACGIH Biological Exposu		-		
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time

ACGIH Biological Exposu Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.7 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	15 mg/l	Methanol	Urine	*
m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*
* - For sampling details, ple	ase see the source	document.		
osure guidelines				
US - California OELs: Skir	n designation			
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2	-	Can be	absorbed throug	the skin
Isopropylbenzene (CAS			absorbed throug	
Methanol (CAS 67-56-			absorbed through	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-			absorbed throug	2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
US - Minnesota Haz Subs	Skin designation			-
Isopropylbenzene (CAS	S 98-82-8)	Skin de	esignation applies	3.
Methanol (CAS 67-56-			esignation applies	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3		Skin de	esignation applies	S.
US - Tennesse OELs: Skir	n designation			
Isopropylbenzene (CAS	S 98-82-8)		absorbed throug	
Methanol (CAS 67-56-			e absorbed throug	gh the skin.
US ACGIH Threshold Lim		signation		
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2			e absorbed throug	
Methanol (CAS 67-56-			absorbed throug	
Naphthalene (CAS 91-			e absorbed throug	gh the skin.
US NIOSH Pocket Guide t		-		
Isopropylbenzene (CAS Methanol (CAS 67-56- US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limit	1)	Can be	absorbed throug absorbed throug 00)	5
Isopropylbenzene (CAS		-	absorbed throug	ah the skin.
propriate engineering htrols	Explosion-proo changes per ho applicable, use maintain airbor	f general and local exha our) should be used. Ve process enclosures, lo ne levels below recomn	aust ventilation. G ntilation rates sho cal exhaust ventil nended exposure	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air buld be matched to conditions. If lation, or other engineering controls to limits. If exposure limits have not been evel. Provide eyewash station.
ividual protection measure Eye/face protection		al protective equipme protection. Wear safety		e shields (or aoaales).
		,		
Skin protection Hand protection	Wear protective	e gloves.		
Other	Wear appropria	ate chemical resistant cl	othing.	
Respiratory protection	If engineering o limits (where ap	controls do not maintain	airborne concent otable level (in co	trations below recommended exposure untries where exposure limits have not n.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropria	ate thermal protective cl	othing, when nec	essary.
neral hygiene nsiderations	as washing afte		and before eating	e good personal hygiene measures, su g, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely e contaminants.
Physical and chemica	l properties			

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid

Material name: Pennsylvania Volatile Petroleum Hydrocarbon Standards Mixtur

Color	Not available.	
Odor	Not available.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	-144.04 °F (-97.8 °C) estimated	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	148.46 °F (64.7 °C) estimated	
Flash point	53.6 °F (12.0 °C) estimated	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.	
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	7.3 % estimated	
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.	
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.	
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	169.3 hPa estimated	
Vapor density	Not available.	
Relative density	Not available.	
Solubility(ies)		
Solubility (water)	Not available.	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	867.2 °F (464 °C) estimated	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	Not available.	
Other information		
Density	0.787358 g/cm3 estimated	
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated	
Percent volatile	99.7 % estimated	
Specific gravity	0.79 estimated	
VOC (Weight %)	99.7 % estimated	
10. Stability and reactivity		

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion	Toxic if swallowed.
Inhalation	Toxic by inhalation. May cause damage to organs by inhalation.
Skin contact	Toxic in contact with skin.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Toxic by inhalation. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Expected to be a low hazard for usual industrial or commercial handling by trained personnel.

Components	Species	Test Results
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	9980 ppm
		9980 ppm, 7 Hours
	Rat	43767 mg/m3, 4 Hours
		13700 ppm, 4 Hours
		10000 ppm, 7 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	4700 mg/kg
2000	Rat	690 - 1230 mg/kg
Other	Nat	090 - 1230 mg/kg
Other LD50	Mouse	240 mg/kg
LDJU		340 mg/kg
	Rat	2.89 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4))	
Acute		
Dermal		47000 //
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg
		17.8 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	> 8000 ppm, 20 Minutes
		35.5 mg/l
	Rat	4000 ppm
		55 mg/l
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
		3.5 g/kg
Other		
LD50	Mouse	2272 mg/kg
Isopropylbenzene (CAS 98-82		
Acute	- 0)	
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg
		12.3 ml/kg
Inhalation		.2.0
LC50	Mouse	2000 ppm, 7 Hours
		24.7 mg/l, 2 Hours
		-
		10 mg/l, 7 Hours
	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD100	Rat	5000 mg/kg
LD50	Rat	1400 mg/kg
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	79.43 mg/l, 134 Minutes
	Rat	> 115.9 mg/l, 4 Hours
		64000 ppm, 4 Hours
		82.1 mg/l, 6 Hours
		U <i>i i i</i>

Components	Species	Test Results
Oral		
LD50	Monkey	6000 mg/kg
	Mouse	7300 mg/kg
	Pig	> 5000 mg/kg
	Rabbit	14.4 g/kg
	Rat	5628 mg/kg
Other		
LD50	Guinea pig	3556 mg/kg
	Hamster	8555 mg/kg
	Mouse	4100 mg/kg
	Rabbit	1826 mg/kg
	Rat	2131 mg/kg
Methyl t-Butyl Ether (CAS 10	634-04-4)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 10000 mg/kg
	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	85 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
		4 ml/kg
Other		
LD50	Rabbit	> 10 ml/kg
m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3)		
Acute		
Dermal LD50	Rabbit	12100 mg/kg
Inhalation	Rabbit	12100 mg/kg
LC50	Mouse	5267 ppm, 6 Hours
2000	Rat	6700 ppm, 4 Hours
		5984 ppm, 6 Hours
		3984 ppm, o nouis
<i>Oral</i> LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg
LD00	Rat	4300 mg/kg
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)		4300 mg/kg
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2 g/kg
	Rat	> 2500 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 78 ppm, 4 Hours
		> 0.4 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		3 ,
LD50	Guinea pig	1200 mg/kg
	Mouse	533 mg/kg
	Rat	490 mg/kg
Other		
LD50	Mouse	100 mg/kg
		5.5

Components	Species	Test Results	
o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6)			
Acute			
Dermal		5000	
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 ml/kg	
		> 43 g/kg	
Inhalation			
LC50	Mouse	4595 ppm, 6 Hours	
	Rat	6350 ppm, 4 Hours	
		4330 ppm, 6 Hours	
Oral			
LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg	
	Rat	3523 mg/kg	
		10 ml/kg	
o-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3)			
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 ml/kg	
		> 43 g/kg	
Inhalation			
LC50	Mouse	3900 ppm, 6 Hours	
	Rat	5922 ppm, 4 Hours	
		4591 ppm, 6 Hours	
Oral			
LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg	
	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg	
Other			
LD50	Rat	3.8 mg/kg	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)			
Acute			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg	
		14.1 ml/kg	
Inhalation			
LC50	Mouse	6405 - 7436 ppm, 6 Hours	
		5320 ppm, 8 Hours	
		400 ppm, 24 Hours	
	Rat	26700 ppm, 1 Hours	
		12200 ppm, 2 Hours	
		8000 ppm, 4 Hours	
		5879 - 6281 ppm, 6 Hours	
		12.5 - 28.8 mg/l, 4 Hours	
Oral			
LD50	Rat	2.6 g/kg	
Other	M	50	
LD50	Mouse	59 mg/kg	
	Rat	1332 mg/kg	
* Estimates for product may	be based on additional component data not shown.		
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation	۱.	
Serious eye damage/eye	Causes serious eye irritation.		
rritation			
Respiratory or skin sensitizati	on		
Respiratory sensitization	Not available.		
	le Petroleum Hydrocarbon Standards Mixtur		

Skin sensitization	This product is not expected t	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	May cause genetic defects.		
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.		
IARC Monographs. Overall	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isopropylbenzene (CAS 98-82-8) Methyl t-Butyl Ether (CAS 1634-04-4) m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6) p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcin		 Carcinogenic to humans. 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)		Known To Be Human Carcinogen. Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.	
• •	ulated Substances (29 CFR 19	, I 8	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)		Cancer	
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging the u	nborn child.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Causes damage to organs.		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Aspiration hazard	Not available.		
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be l exposure.	harmful. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated	

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Accumulation in aquatic organisms is expected.

Components		Species	Test Results
Benzene (CAS 71-43-	2)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	8.76 - 15.6 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	7.2 - 11.7 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethylbenzene (CAS 10	00-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
Isopropylbenzene (CA	S 98-82-8)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Brine shrimp (Artemia sp.)	3.55 - 11.29 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.7 mg/l, 96 hours
Methanol (CAS 67-56-	-1)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 10000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl t-Butyl Ether (C	CAS 1634-04-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	672 mg/l, 96 hours
m-Xylene (CAS 108-3	8-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	2.81 - 5 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8.4 mg/l, 96 hours

Components		Species	Test Results
Naphthalene (CAS 91-	-20-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.09 - 3.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha)	1.11 - 1.68 mg/l, 96 hours
o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-	6)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.78 - 2.51 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	5.59 - 11.6 mg/l, 96 hours
p-Xylene (CAS 106-42	2-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	3.55 - 6.31 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.6 mg/l, 96 hours
Toluene (CAS 108-88-	-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Estimates for product may b	be based on additional component data not shown.	
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.	
Partition coefficient n-octar	iol / water (log Kow)	
Benzene	2.13	
Ethylbenzene	3.15	
Isopropylbenzene	3.66	
Methanol	-0.77	
Methyl t-Butyl Ether	0.94	
m-Xylene	3.2	
Naphthalene	3.3	
o-Xylene	3.12	
p-Xylene	3.15	
Toluene	2.73	
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.	
13. Disposal consideratio	ns	
Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.	
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.	
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.	
US RCRA Hazardous Waste	∋ U List: Reference	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	U019	

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	U019
Isopropylbenzene (CAS 98-82-8)	U055
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	U154
m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3)	U239
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	U165
o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6)	U239
p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3)	U239
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	U220

Waste from residues / unused
productsDispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some
product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:
Disposal instructions).

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT	
UN number	UN1230
UN proper shipping name	Methanol, solution
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP2
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1230
UN proper shipping name	Methanol solution
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	6.1(PGI, II)
Packing group	
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo	Allowed.
aircraft	
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1230
UN proper shipping name	METHANOL SOLUTION
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	6.1(PGI, II)
Packing group	
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-D
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not available.
DOT	







15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

	المعاديا
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.
Isopropylbenzene (CAS 98-82-8)	Listed.
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Listed.
Methyl t-Butyl Ether (CAS 1634-04-4)	Listed.
m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3)	Listed.
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	Listed.
o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6)	Listed.
p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3)	Listed.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed.
DA 204 Emergenery valages notification	

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

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US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
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Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)
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Cancer Central nervous system Blood Aspiration Skin Eye respiratory tract irritation Flammability

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Im	mediate H	azard -	Yes
De	layed Haz	ard - Yo	es
Fire	e Hazard -	- Yes	
Pre	essure Ha	zard - N	lo
Re	activity Ha	azard -	No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

Hazard categories

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Methanol	67-56-1	99
Benzene	71-43-2	0.1
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.1

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isopropylbenzene (CAS 98-82-8) Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Methyl t-Butyl Ether (CAS 1634-04-4) m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6)

p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3)		
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 1	12(r) Accidental Release Pre	evention (40 CFR 68.130)
Not regulated.		
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.	
Drug Enforcement Admin Chemical Code Number	istration (DEA). List 2, Esse	ntial Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and
Toluene (CAS 108-88- Drug Enforcement Admin	•	6594 kempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))
Toluene (CAS 108-88-	3)	35 %WV
DEA Exempt Chemical M	ixtures Code Number	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-	3)	594
US state regulations		
US. Massachusetts RTK - Sub	ostance List	
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41 Isopropylbenzene (CAS 98 Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Methyl t-Butyl Ether (CAS 7 m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6) p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3)	-82-8) 1634-04-4)	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) US. New Jersey Worker and C		ct
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)		500 LBS
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41	-4)	500 LBS
Isopropylbenzene (CAS 98	-82-8)	500 LBS
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)		500 LBS
Methyl t-Butyl Ether (CAS 2 m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3)	1634-04-4)	500 LBS 500 LBS
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3	5)	500 LBS
o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6)	,	500 LBS
p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3)		500 LBS
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) US. Pennsylvania RTK - Haza	rdaua Subatanaaa	500 LBS
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41 Isopropylbenzene (CAS 98 Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Methyl t-Butyl Ether (CAS 7 m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3 o-Xylene (CAS 95-47-6) p-Xylene (CAS 106-42-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) US. Rhode Island RTK Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41 Isopropylbenzene (CAS 98 Methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Methyl t-Butyl Ether (CAS 7 m-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3) Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3 o-Xylene (CAS 108-38-3) Naphthalene (CAS 108-42-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) US. California Proposition 65	-4) -82-8) 1634-04-4) 2) -4) -82-8) 1634-04-4) 2)	e State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other
reproductive harm.		
-	on 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carc	-
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2		Listed: February 27, 1987
Ethylbenzene (CAS 10 Isopropylbenzene (CA Naphthalene (CAS 91-	S 98-82-8)	Listed: June 11, 2004 Listed: April 6, 2010 Listed: April 19, 2002

Material name: Pennsylvania Volatile Petroleum Hydrocarbon Standards Mixtur

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin		
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: December 26, 1997	
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Listed: March 16, 2012	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed: January 1, 1991	
US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin		
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed: August 7, 2009	
US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin		
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: December 26, 1997	

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	11-13-2014
Version #	01
NFPA ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0
Disclaimer	The above information is believed to be correct on the date it was last revised and must not be considered all inclusive. The information has been obtained only by a search of available literature and is only a guide for handling the chemicals. OSHA regulations require that if other hazards become evident, an upgraded SDS must be made available to the employee within three months. RESPONSIBILITY for updates lies with the employer and not with CHEM SERVICE, Inc.
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	This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is intended only for use with Chem Service, Inc. products and should not be relied on for use with materials from any other supplier even if the chemical name(s) on the product are identical! Whenever using an SDS for a solution or mixture the user should refer to the SDS for every component of the solution or mixture. Chem Service warrants that this SDS is based upon the most current information available to Chem Service at the time it was last revised. THIS WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE, AND CHEM SERVICE, INC. MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. This SDS is provided gratis and CHEM SERVICE, INC. SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR CONTINGENT DAMAGES.
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